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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/808,448		03/25/2004	Zhong Stella Wu	146712003410	4851
25227	7590	05/09/2005		EXAMINER	
MORRISO 1650 TYSO		ERSTER LLP	CHEN, BRET P		
SUITE 300	13 BOUI	LEVARD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MCLEAN,	VA 2210	02	1762		

DATE MAILED: 05/09/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/808,448	WU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	B. Chen	1762				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuf Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		reply be timely filed inty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	·_ ·					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-19 and 21-28</u> is/are pending in th	e application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 23-28 is/are withdra	, ,					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-19,21 and 22</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	o r	·				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 25 March 2004 is/are:		niected to by the Examiner				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•	•				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	,					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	·					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<u> </u>		0.440(.) (1) (0				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	to boughood accession					
1. Certified copies of the priority document		Application No.				
2. Certified copies of the priority document		·· ——				
 Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Burea 	-	Treceived in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis		t received				
Coo the attached detailed office action for a lis	. J. and continue copies no					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office A	Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 050305				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 11-19, 21-28 are pending in this application.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of claims 11-19, 21-22 in the reply filed on 4/19/05 is acknowledged.

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper content of an abstract of the disclosure.

A patent abstract is a concise statement of the technical disclosure of the patent and should include that which is new in the art to which the invention pertains. If the patent is of a basic nature, the entire technical disclosure may be new in the art, and the abstract should be directed to the entire disclosure. If the patent is in the nature of an improvement in an old apparatus, process, product, or composition, the abstract should include the technical disclosure of the improvement. In certain patents, particularly those for compounds and compositions, wherein the process for making and/or the use thereof are not obvious, the abstract should set forth a process for making and/or use thereof. If the new technical disclosure involves modifications or alternatives, the abstract should mention by way of example the preferred modification or alternative.

The abstract should not refer to purported merits or speculative applications of the invention and should not compare the invention with the prior art.

Where applicable, the abstract should include the following:

- (1) if a machine or apparatus, its organization and operation;
- (2) if an article, its method of making;
- (3) if a chemical compound, its identity and use;
- (4) if a mixture, its ingredients;
- (5) if a process, the steps.

Extensive mechanical and design details of apparatus should not be given.

It is noted that the claimed invention is directed to a method. The examiner suggests amending the abstract to reflect same.

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The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

It is noted that the claimed invention is directed to a method. The examiner suggests amending the title to reflect same.

Claim Objections

Claims 11-19, 21-22 are objected to because of the following informalities listed below.

Appropriate correction is required.

In claim 16, there is two periods. Please delete the last period.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-19, 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chen et al. (6,753,072). Chen discloses a method of forming a multilayer magnetic superlattice-based, perpendicular magnetic recording media in which a non-magnetic substrate was coated

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with a Co containing underlayer and a first stack layer of Co/Ru followed by a second structure of Co/Ru with appropriate thicknesses (col.6 lines 27-44). A vacuum is utilized (col.11 lines 1-25). However, the reference fails to specifically teach a moiety selected from the group consisting of Xe, Kr, and combinations.

It is noted that Chen fairly teaches the use of Xe and Kr with the specific purpose of obtaining greater lattice disorder (col.4 lines 27-46 and col.11 lines 1-25). It would have been obvious to incorporate Xe and Kr in the Co and/or Ru layer with the expectation of obtaining increased disruption because Chen teaches that this disorder is advantageous.

The limitations of claims 2-19 and 21-22 have been addressed above.

Girt (6,815,082), Challener et al. (6,795,630), Do et al. (6,723,450), and Chen et al. (4,202,932) have been cited as relevant art.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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Claims 11-19, 21-22 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 10-18, 20 of U.S.

Patent No. 6,759,149. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the elimination of the stabilizing effect of the Cr layer is an obvious variation.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to B. Chen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1417. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Meeks can be reached on (571) 272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Bc 5/3/05

BRETCHEN PRIMINARY EXOMINATER